Pagosa Area Water and Sanitation District

Financial Statements

December 31, 2018

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rfarmer, llc a certified public accounting and consulting firm

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors Pagosa Area Water and Sanitation District

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of Pagosa Area Water and Sanitation District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the District, as of December 31, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the budgetary comparison information on pages ii-x and page 34, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

rfarmer, Uc

June 6, 2019

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The management of Pagosa Area Water and Sanitation District (the District) offers readers of our financial statements the following narrative overview and analysis of our financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2018.

This section provides a summary of the District's financial performance. It contains an overview and analysis of the District's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2018. The financial statements are an integral part of this analysis and should be read in conjunction with this document.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- 1. The District's net positions total \$77,409,320; this is an increase of \$1,259,571 from the previous year.
- 2. Operating expenses of \$8,656,118 exceeded operating revenues of \$7,429,247 by \$1,226,871
- 3. General revenues total \$2,486,442.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements consist of four parts: management's discussion and analysis, basic financial statements including the notes to the financial statements, required supplementary information and other supplementary information.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Pagosa Area Water and Sanitation District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains required and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The government-wide financial statements present information for the governmental funds and the business-type activities.

The Statement of Net Position (see page 3) presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities (see page 4) presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported on the accrual basis as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs,

regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements (beginning on page 5). However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. The financial statements presented for the governmental funds are the *Balance Sheet* and the *Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances*.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Pagosa Area Water and Sanitation District has two governmental funds: the General Fund and Debt Service Fund. The District considers both of these funds important to financial statement users and has presented them all as major funds.

Proprietary Funds. Proprietary fund accounting uses the same basis of accounting as private-sector business enterprises. The District uses two enterprise funds: Water Fund and Wastewater Fund. Under this method of accounting, an economic resources measurement focus and an accrual basis of accounting is used.

Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when incurred. The proprietary fund basic financial statements include a *Statement of Net Position*, a *Statement of Revenues*, *Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position*, and a *Statement of Cash Flows* (beginning on page 9).

The Statement of Net Position presents information on the assets and liabilities of the District's enterprise funds, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District's enterprise funds is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position reports the operating revenues and expenses and non-operating revenues and expenses of the District's enterprise funds for the year with the difference - the net income or loss - being combined with any capital contributions to determine the net change in position for the fiscal year. That change combined with the net position at the end of the previous year total to the net position at the end of the current fiscal year.

The Statement of Cash Flows reports cash and cash equivalent activities of the two enterprise funds for the fiscal year resulting from operating activities, capital and related financing activities, noncapital financing activities and investing activities. The net result of these activities added to the beginning of the year cash balance total to the cash and cash equivalent balance at the end of the current year.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for each of its funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the General Fund as Required Supplementary Information in the audited financial statements; budget comparisons for the Debt Service Fund, Water Fund and Wastewater Fund are presented in Other Supplementary Information in the audited financial statements to demonstrate compliance with their budgets.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 13 to 33 of this report.

FINANCIAL POLICY PRIORITIES

The financial goal of the District is to operate in a cost efficient manner that is similar to the practices of private enterprise. The District annually reviews its financial policies to assess their impact upon financial activities. Policies that affected financial activities are:

- 1. Growth pays its own way
- 2. Debt service is funded from user fees and property taxes
- 3. Administration and operations are funded from user fees, property taxes and specific ownership taxes
- 4. User fees will fund a portion of capital improvement needs
- 5. Capital Investment Fees are earmarked for capital uses

In 2018, the District completed several construction projects and ended the year with work-in-progress carry over amounts in both of the enterprise funds. As planned, this had the effect of reducing reserves. The District expended \$304,385 in 2018 on water projects and \$160,155 on wastewater projects.

Past expansion and improvements have been paid with a combination of user fees, property taxes and bond issues. The District's policies also made it possible for the District to complete the year with cash and investments in all funds of \$9,102,344 of which \$2,938,465 is designated for future construction projects and debt retirement.

Day-to-Day Operational Control of the District

For operational control, the District had 4 funds during 2018: the General Fund, Debt Service Fund, Water Fund and Wastewater Fund.

The General Fund provides for the administration of the District and also transfers monies to other funds. A total of \$500,000 was transferred to other funds. The major sources of revenue are monies collected for property taxes and specific ownership taxes. In 2018, the General Fund collected \$1,074,659. There was a \$4,527 decrease in fund balance over the previous year. Transfers to the Water and Wastewater Enterprise Funds have been reduced or will remain

constant to preserve this fund balance in light of the District's election on a referred measure. On May 3, 2016 District voters passed a measure to subject the revenue, collection and spending limits under Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution (otherwise known as the Taxpayers Bill of Rights) by repealing the ballot issue approved by District voters on May 2, 2000. This action will impact the General Fund by limiting tax revenue while it is not anticipated that General Fund expenses, other than the amount available for transfer to other funds, can be reduced. The ending fund balance in the General Fund at December 31, 2018, was \$961,045 of this amount, \$33,028 is set aside as a reserve (see note 14 on page 30 of the financial statements). Non spendable prepaids and inventories are \$17,601 and the remaining balance of \$910,416 is undesignated.

The Debt Service Fund records the collection of property taxes for debt service payments on general obligation bonds. In 2018, property taxes collected for debt service were \$1,152,525; \$965,000 was paid in principal payments and \$149,204 was paid for interest. The 2018 fund balance for the Debt Service Fund increased by \$17,567 from 2017. The Debt Service Fund balance at the end of 2018 was \$39,015.

The District operates its Water and Wastewater funds as self-supporting enterprises. Revenues received from user fees and other general fund sources are sufficient to cover the day-to-day operating expenses of these funds, as well as assist in the funding of capital improvements.

The Water Fund had an increase in Net Position of \$364,054 for 2018. Of this amount, the operating loss was (\$114,829); non-operating revenues and expenses have a surplus of \$145,768; and \$336,115 was supplied from transfers and a loss on asset disposal. The transfers from the General Fund of \$340,000 are cash additions. At the end of 2018, the Water Fund had a net position of \$53,746,727. Of this amount, \$47,165,654 is invested in capital assets, net of related debt and is not available for future appropriations and \$6,581,073 is unrestricted.

The Wastewater Fund had a decrease in Net Position of \$81,788 for 2018. Of this amount, operating loss was (\$291,835); non-operating revenues and expenses contributed \$182,579; and \$27,468 was from transfers and a loss on asset disposal. The transfers from the General Fund of \$160,000 are cash additions. At the end of 2018, the Wastewater Fund has a net position of \$26,466,273. Of this amount \$20,935,983 is invested in capital assets, net of related debt and is not available for future appropriations and \$5,530,290 is unrestricted.

Capital projects, including infrastructure and equipment purchases, are funded from a variety of operating and non-operating revenues including bond proceeds and Capital Investment Fees. The District is consciously trying to building reserves sufficient to handle most of the infrastructure expenses that are anticipated in the next ten years.

The District's day-to-day operational control involves many levels of planning, forecasting, and budgeting. Revenues and expenses are allocated to specific functions of the District. The staff presents quarterly financial reports to the Board of Directors. The reports contain revenues and expenditures compared to the adopted budget. It is an essential tool that is critical to the District's long-range financial planning efforts.

Financial Analysis

Condensed Statement of Net Position

A Condensed Statement of Net Position for 2018 and 2017 is shown in Table A on page VI. The District's net position (the difference between assets and liabilities) is one way to measure the financial health of the District. Increases or decreases in the District's net positions are indicators of improving or deteriorating financial health. This, coupled with factors such as population growth, legislative changes or policy changes, provide an integrated assessment of the District's health.

Net positions have increased by \$1,259,571 as a result of operations. The table also shows total restricted assets of \$5,452,649 of this amount \$2,938,465 is designated for future water and wastewater treatment, distribution and collection related capital projects that are projected to total approximately \$20,673,300. It is estimated that another \$17,773,850 will be needed to address water and wastewater system needs over the next 10 years; however, that number may undergo substantial revision as a result of changing conditions or regulations in the industry. A revised Capital Improvements Plan was completed in 2018. As of December 31, 2018, governmental activities show a deficit in unrestricted net position of (\$2,803,668), which is an decrease in the deficit from 2017. The deficit is not an area of concern to the District, because this is a planned deficit due to the effects of the conversion to GASB 34 which brought in the liabilities for long term debt; future tax revenues will pay off this liability and reduce the deficit. Net Positions in the business-type activities indicate that \$12,111,361 is unrestricted and available for future appropriations. This is an increase from the prior year. Net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt, of \$68,101,637 are not available for future appropriations.

On a year-to-year basis the District plans to operate within its policies. Operations are expected to produce sufficient income to allow the District to implement its long range plans.

In the capital improvements portion of the budget, annual expenditures may, at times, exceed annual revenues. This is accounted for in the long range financial planning of the District.

Table A: Condensed Statement of Net Position

	<u>Government</u>	al Activities	Business-Type Activities		<u>Total</u>	
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
Current assets	1,846,324	1,838,012	5,716,376	5,107,156	7,562,700	6,945,168
Restricted assets	1,217,421	1,195,560	4,235,228	3,026,717	5,452,649	4,222,277
Capital assets	441,124	466,915	91,767,841	94,691,162	92,208,965	95,158,077
Total assets	3,504,869	3,500,487	101,719,445	102,825,035	105,224,314	106,325,522
Current liabilities	1,058,024	1,029,254	1,723,218	1,642,485	2,781,242	2,671,739
Long-term debt outstanding	3,239,831	4,253,538	19,783,229	21,251,817	23,023,060	25,505,355
Total liabilities	4,297,855	5,282,792	21,506,447	22,894,302	25,804,302	28,177,094
Deferred cash in-flows	2,010,682	_	-		2,010,682	
Net position: Invested in capital assets						
net of related debt	441,124	466,915	68,101,637	69,505,461	68,542,761	69,972,376
Restricted	54,476	53,422	-	-	54,476	53,422
Unrestricted	(3,299,268)	(4,301,311)	12,111,361	10,425,272	8,812,093	6,123,961
Total net position	(2,803,668)	(3,780,974)	80,212,998	79,930,733	77,409,330	76,149,759

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

A Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position are shown in Table B detailing the revenues, expenses, and changes in net positions for 2018 and 2017. An examination of Table B for 2018 shows that the District's change in net positions in the business-type activities is \$282,265; this is an increase from the prior year. Net income before contributions and transfers increased by \$661,898; contributions and transfers decreased by \$48,000. The business-type activities show an operating loss of (\$435,092) for 2018. The business-type activities use transfers from the General Fund to partially meet their operating needs in the amount of \$500,000 in 2018. The operating loss has decreased \$731,022 from that of 2017 due to service rate revenues increasing under the extreme drought conditions in 2018 and a decrease in operating expenses.

The governmental funds use property taxes levied for general purposes to meet operating needs. Governmental activities show an increase in net positions of \$977,306.

Table B: Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities Bu		Business-Ty	pe Activities	<u>Total</u>	
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
Charges for services	-	-	7,429,247	7,126,030	7,429,247	7,126,030
Total operating expenses	791,779	722,025	7,864,339	8,292,144	8,656,118	9,014,169
Operating income (loss)	(791,779)	(722,025)	(435,092)	(1,166,114)	(1,226,871)	(1,888,139)
General revenues						
Property taxes & specific						
ownership taxes	2,227,184	2,214,958	-	-	2,227,184	2,214,958
Gain (loss) on asset disposal	-	-	(139,417)	5,317	(139,417)	5,317
Investment earnings and						
miscellaneous	41,901	42,245	356,774	281,164	398,675	323.409
General revenues	2,269,085	2,257,203	217,357	286,481	2,486,442	2,543,684
Net income before						
contributions & transfers	1,477,306	1,535,178	(217,735)	(879,633)	1,259,571	655,545
Capital contributions						
Donated Assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers:						
Construction projects	-	-	-	-	-	-
General Fund	(500,000)	(548,000)	500,000	548,000	-	-
Debt Service Fund	-	_	-	-	-	-
Special Revenue Fund		-	-			
Change in not notition	077 206	007 170	202 265	(224 622)	1 250 571	GEE EAE
Change in net position	977,306	987,178	282,265	(331,633)	1,259,571	655,545
Beginning net position	(3,780,974)	(2,784,588)	79,930,733	80,262,364	76,149,759	77,477,776
Rounding and/or adjustment	(5). 55,5. 1/	(1,983,564)	-	2	-	(1,983,562)
Beginning net assets as corrected	(3,780,974)	(4,768,152)	79,930,733	80,262,366	76,149,759	75,494,214
5g	<u></u>		-11:			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Ending net position	(2,803,668)	(3,780,974)	80,212,998	79,930,733	77,409,330	76,149,759

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Pagosa Area Water and Sanitation District did not amend its budget in 2018.

The schedules of revenues and expenses, actual compared to final budget, for the General Fund are included in the required supplementary information. As of the amended budget the General Fund budgeted to spend \$1,154,738 and actually spent \$1,107,147.

Budgets for the other governmental fund, the Debt Service Fund, are included in the other supplementary information along with the budgets for the proprietary funds, the Water Fund and the Wastewater Fund.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ACTIVITIES

During 2018, the District invested \$464,540 in capital projects. Capital projects that were substantially completed in 2018 were:

- Engineering for the ultra violet disinfection at the San Juan Water Treatment Plant
- Rerouting and Elimination of Lift Stations 17 & 18
- Installation of a roof over the ultra violet disinfection at the Vista Wastewater Treatment Plant
- SCADA system upgrade at Vista Wastewater Treatment Plant

The following projects were Capital projects still in process at the end of 2018:

- Excavation and outside work for installation of UV system at SJWTP
- Upgrades to the SCADA systems

At the conclusion of 2018, the District's outstanding debt was \$25,246,783 for various bond and loan issues. The District has drawn all authorized financings. These financings were incurred for the following construction projects:

- Enlargement of Stevens Reservoir and Dutton Ditch Pipeline Extension
- Hatcher Water Treatment Plant Improvements
- Highlands Lagoon and Collection System Improvements
- Dry Gulch Water Storage Project

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The Board of Directors and the management of Pagosa Area Water and Sanitation District consider many factors when setting the budget for 2019. Projected user fees, growth, and Capital Investment Fees are all evaluated and considered before a final budget is adopted. The 2019 budget also attempts to project new expenses associated with operating new treatment plant processes and systems. These expenses are reconciled to projected revenues. Initial estimates shows the following additional operating increases (decreases) are anticipated for the 2019 budget year.

The General Fund has budgeted \$1,117,436; this is an increase of \$10,289 over 2018 expenditures.

The Debt Service Fund has budgeted \$1,182,826; this is an increase of \$33,928 over the 2018 expenditures.

The Water Fund has budgeted \$5,922,874; this is an increase of \$1,506,077 from the 2018 expenditures. This increase is primarily due to the installation of a UV treatment system at the San Juan Water Treatment plant and an increased allowance for water line replacement in 2019.

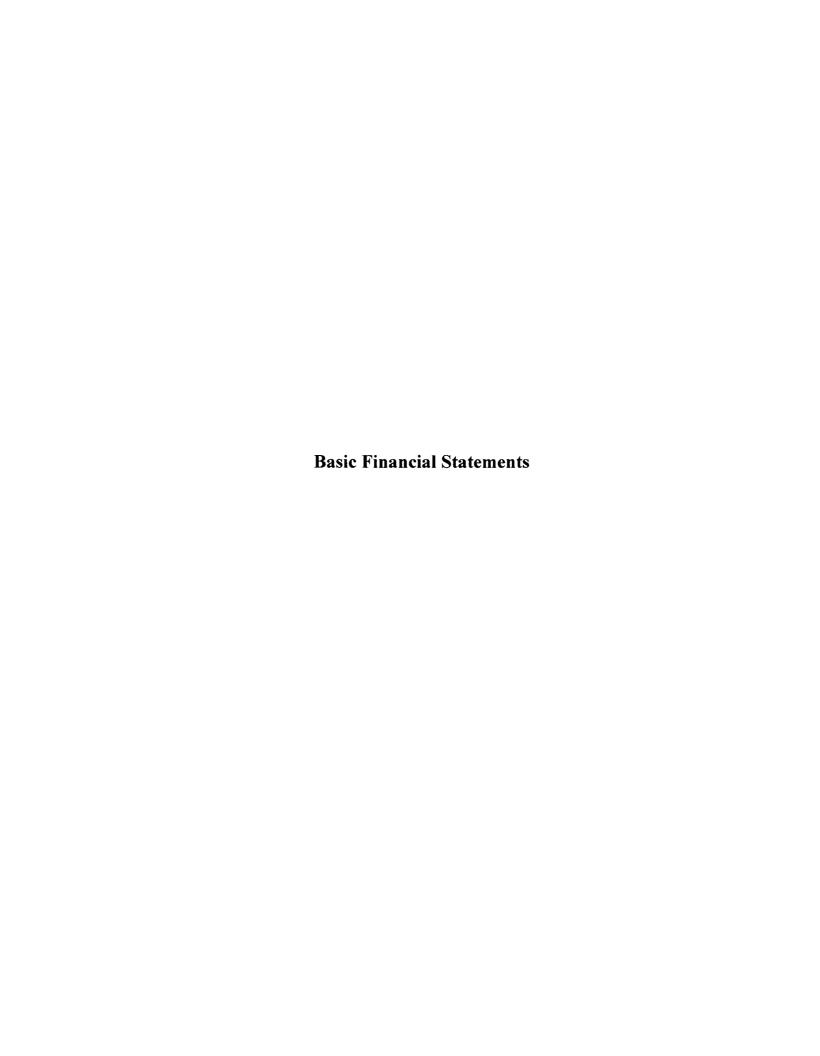
The Wastewater Fund has budgeted \$2,434,229; this is an increase of \$230,255 from the 2018 expenditures. This increase is primarily due to increased allowances for wastewater line maintenance.

Capital projects which are scheduled for 2019 are as follows:

- Installation of UV disinfection system for the San Juan Water Treatment Plant
- Replacement of Log Park Water Storage Tank
- Lift Station 13 upgrade
- Transitioning the SCADA Radio System to Ethernet
- Asphalt for Mill Creek fill station
- Hatcher water tank stand-by power building and fencing
- Installation of master meters at Lakeside Estates and Pines 3 Condominiums

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S MANAGER

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, investors, and creditors with the general overview of the District's finances and demonstrates the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions concerning this report or need additional information please contact Justin Ramsey, Manager of the Pagosa Area Water and Sanitation District at 100 Lyn Avenue, Pagosa Springs, CO.



Pagosa Area Water and Sanitation District Statement of Net Position December 31, 2018

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	
ASSETS	•					
Current Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	976,360	\$	5,034,273	\$	6,010,633
Receivables		994,964		557,103		1,552,067
Internal Balances		(125,000)		125,000		-
Inventories		-		630,409		630,409
Non-Current Assets:						
Cash		39,014		3,052,697		3,091,711
Customer accounts receivable, net		-		493,829		493,829
Taxes receivable, current		1,160,806		-		1,160,806
Prepaid Expenses		17,601		58,293		75,894
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		441,124		79,589,628		80,030,752
Construction in progress		-		224,447		224,447
Due from other governments		-		2,579,418		2,579,418
Other assets				9,374,348		9,374,348
Total Non-Current Assets		1,658,545		95,372,660		97,031,205
Total Assets		3,504,869		101,719,445		105,224,314
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued expenses Personal Time Off and retirement Unearned revenues Long-term liabilities Due within one year: Bonds and loans payable Accrued interest Due in more than one year: Bonds and loans payable Bond premium net of discount		31,448 21,555 - 995,000 10,021 3,165,000 74,831		125,065 75,086 75,867 1,425,315 21,885		156,513 96,641 75,867 2,420,315 31,906 22,826,474
Bond premium net of discount		74,831		121,755		196,586
Total liabilities		4,297,855		21,506,447		25,804,302
Deferred Cash In-Flows:						
Deferred Property Taxes		2,010,682		-		2,010,682
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		441,124		68,101,637		68,542,761
Restricted for:		,				
Debt Service		21,448		_		21,448
TABOR		33,028		_		33,028
Unrestricted		(3,299,268)		12,111,361		8,812,093
Total net position	\$	(2,803,668)	\$	80,212,998	\$	77,409,330

Pagosa Area Water and Sanitation District Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

n Net Position	Total	\$ (661,282) (130,497) (791,779)	\$ (19,514) (215,578) (435,092) (1,226,871) \$ 842,003 1,152,525 232,656 262,957 135,718 (139,417) 	DCC,704,17
Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Primary Government	Business-type Activities		\$\$\begin{align*} (219,514) \\ (215,578) \\ (435,092) \\ (435,092) \\ (435,092) \\ (435,092) \\ (435,092) \\ (435,092) \\ (435,092) \\ (435,092) \\ (227,993 \\ (139,417) \\ 500,000 \\ (139,417) \\ 500,000 \\ (139,417) \\ 500,000 \\ (139,417) \\ 500,000 \\ (171,357) \\ (18,030,733) \\ (18,031,330,733) \\ \end{align*}\$	\$ 60,212,976
Net (Expense) Rev	Governmental Activities	(661,282) (130,497) (791,779)		(2,003,000)
	Capital Grants and Contributions	φ		9
Program Revenue	Operating Grants and Contributions		urposes ice ets tems, and transfers	
	Charges for Services	₩ I	5,307,200 5,087,686 -2,557,139 7,864,339 7,429,247 8,656,118 Taxes: Property taxes, levied for general purposes Property taxes, levied for debt service Specific ownership taxes Unrestricted investment earnings Miscellaneous recial item - gain (loss) on sale of assets ansfers Change in net position Change in net position Total general revenues, special items, and transfers Total general revenues, special items, and transfers	amg
	Expenses	\$ 661,282 130,497 791,779	5,307,200 2,557,139 7,864,339 8,656,118 General revenues: Taxes: Property taxes, levie Specific ownership t Unrestricted investmen Miscellaneous Special item - gain (loss) Transfers Chang general reve Chang in net t	net position - enamg
	Functions/Programs	Primary government Governmental Activities General Government Interest on Long-term debt Total governmental activities	Business-type activities: Water Wastewater Total business-type activities Total primary government	

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

Pagosa Area Water and Sanitation District Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2018

	_Gene	ral Fund	Debt Services Fund		Total Governmental Funds		
ASSETS	_						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	976,359	\$	-	\$	976,359	
Taxes receivable, net		849,876		-		849,876	
Taxes receivable, delinquent		145,088				145,088	
Prepaid Expenses		17,601		-		17,601	
Restricted Assets:							
Cash		-		39,015		39,015	
Receivables, net		-		1,160,806		1,160,806	
Total assets		1,988,924		1,199,821		3,188,745	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:							
Accounts payable		31,448		-		31,448	
Due to other funds		125,000		-		125,000	
Accrued vacation and retirement		21,555				21,555	
Total liabilities		178,003				178,003	
Deferred Cash In-Flows:							
Deferred property taxes	 	849,876		1,160,806		2,010,682	
Fund balances:							
Non spendable prepaid expense		17,601		-		17,601	
Restricted - TABOR		33,028		~		33,028	
Unassigned		910,416		-		910,416	
Restricted				39,015		39,015	
Total fund balances		961,045		39,015		1,000,060	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,988,924	\$	1,199,821	\$	3,188,745	

Pagosa Area Water and Sanitation District Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position December 31, 2018

Total fund balance, governmental funds \$ 1,000,060 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund financial statements, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position. 441,124 Some liabilities, (such as Notes Payable, Capital Lease Contract Payable, Long-term Compensated Absences, and Bonds Payable), are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position. (4,234,831)Accrued interest on GO Bonds (10,021)

\$

(2,803,668)

Net Assets of Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position

Pagosa Area Water and Sanitation District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	General Fund	Debt Services Fund	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES			
Property Taxes	\$ 842,003	\$ 1,152,525	\$ 1,994,528
SO Tax	232,656	-	232,656
Investment earnings	21,024	13,940	34,964
Miscellaneous	6,937	-	6,937
Total revenues	1,102,620	1,166,465	2,269,085
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Audit and compilation	24,276	-	24,276
Board expense	1,823	-	1,823
Dues and permits	15,288	-	15,288
Employee expense	4,141	_	4,141
Treasurers fees	26,010	34,694	60,704
Fringe benefits	62,618	, -	62,618
Insurance general	9,080	-	9,080
Legal fees	2,682	-	2,682
Office expense	31,761	-	31,761
Office maintenance and landscape	19,252	-	19,252
Outside services	62,457	-	62,457
Payroll taxes, vacation and sick pay	25,138	-	25,138
Personnel	290,946	-	290,946
Publications and recording fees	1,322	-	1,322
Repairs and maintenance	3,344	-	3,344
Telephone and utilities	21,157	•	21,157
Travel and training	5,852	-	5,852
Debt Service:			
Principal	-	965,000	965,000
Interest expense	-	149,204	149,204
Total Expenditures	607,147	1,148,898	1,756,045
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over			
expenditures	495,473	17,567	513,040
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES			
Transfers out	(500,000)		(500,000)
Total other financing sources and uses	(500,000)	-	(500,000)
SPECIAL ITEM			
Net change in fund balances	(4,527)	17,567	13,040
Fund balances - beginning	965,572	21,448	987,020
Fund balances - ending	\$ 961,045	\$ 39,015	\$ 1,000,060

Pagosa Area Water and Sanitation District

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds:	\$ 13,040
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures because such outlays use current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports only a portion of the outlay as expense. The outlay is allocated over the assets' estimated useful lives as depreciation expense for the period. This is the amount by which capital outlay of \$0 was less than depreciation of \$25,791 in the current period.	(25,791)
Governmental funds report bond proceeds as current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities treats such issuance of debt as a liability. Governmental funds report repayment of bond principal as an expenditure, In contrast, the Statement of Activities treats such repayments as a reduction in long-term liabilities. This is the amount by which repayments exceeded proceeds.	965,000
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and these are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Amortization of bond premium and change in accrued interest payable	25,057
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 977,306

Pagosa Area Water and Sanitation District Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2018

Enterpr	ise F	unds
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	Water]	Fund	Wast	erwater Fund		Total
ASSETS	- water	· unu	wast	erwater runu		Iotai
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,	376,943	\$	1,657,330	\$	5,034,273
Accounts receivable, net		315,111	Ψ	241,992	Ψ	557,103
Due from other funds		85,000		40,000		125,000
Inventories		606,746		23,663		630,409
Total current assets		383,800		1,962,985		6,346,785
Non-current assets:	,	300,000		1,502,505		0,3 10,702
Restricted for capital projects and debt service						
Cash	2.	157,824		894,874		3,052,698
Customer accounts receivable, net		280,378		213,451		493,829
Prepaid expenses		58,293				58,293
Utility system, net of accumulated depreciation	53.	929,644		25,659,986		79,589,630
Construction in progress		140,607		83,840		224,447
Due from other governments		-		2,579,418		2,579,418
Other assets	9.	374,348				9,374,348
Total non-current assets		941,094	-	29,431,569		95,372,663
						,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Total assets	70,	324,894		31,394,554		101,719,448
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts payable		52,264		72,801		125,065
Other accrued expenses		71,042		25,930		96,972
Unearned revenue		54,160		21,707		75,867
Bonds and loans payable, current portion	1,	024,661		400,654		1,425,315
Total current liabilities	1,	202,127		521,092		1,723,219
Non-current liabilities:						
Bond premiums net of discount		121,755		-		121,755
Bonds and loans payable	15,	254,284		4,407,189		19,661,473
Total non-current liabilities	15,	376,039		4,407,189		19,783,228
Total liabilities	16,	578,166		4,928,281		21,506,447
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	47,	165,654		20,935,983		68,101,637
Unrestricted	6,	581,073		5,530,290		12,111,363
Total net position	\$ 53,	746,727	\$	26,466,273	\$	80,213,000

Pagosa Area Water and Sanitation District Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Enterprise Fund					
	W	ater Fund	Wast	erwater Fund		Total
REVENUES				-		
Charges for services	\$	3,720,542	\$	1,714,240	\$	5,434,782
Availability charges		408,215		265,990		674,205
Customer hookups		207,580		29,180		236,760
Late charges		12,997		2,246		15,243
Other operating revenues		280,459		248,513		528,972
Total operating revenues		4,629,793		2,260,169		6,889,962
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Source of Supply		579,350		-		579,350
Treatment		1,950,476		1,006,198		2,956,674
Administrative and general		621,301		315,114		936,415
Maintenance department		124,179		58,964		183,143
Distribution and collection		1,469,316		1,171,728		2,641,044
Total Operating Expenses		4,744,622		2,552,004		7,296,626
Operating income (loss)		(114,829)		(291,835)		(406,664)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
System investment fees		547,880		81,393		629,273
Interest income on delinquent taxes		5,978		-		5,978
Other interest and investment income		102,696		106,321		209,017
Capital expenditures		(186,600)		(5,135)		(191,735)
Interest expense		(374,984)		-		(374,984)
Bond discount and issue costs, net of bond premium		50,798		-		50,798
Total non-operating revenue (expenses)		145,768		182,579		328,347
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		30,939		(109,256)		(78,317)
Transfers in		340,000		160,000		500,000
Gain (loss) on asset disposal		(6,885)		(132,532)		(139,417)
Change in net position		364,054		(81,788)		282,266
Total net position - beginning		53,382,673		26,548,061		79,930,734
Total net position - ending	\$	53,746,727	\$	26,466,273	\$	80,213,000

Pagosa Area Water and Sanitation District Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Enterprise Fund				
	Water Fund	Wasterwater Fund	Total		
Cash flows from operating activities:		- Tuno	10141		
Cash received from customers	\$ 4,687,565	\$ 2,295,087	\$ 6,982,652		
Cash paid to suppliers	(1,698,540)	(1,257,054)	(2,955,594)		
Cash paid for personnel costs	(1,008,500)	(382,468)	(1,390,968)		
Net cash flows from Operating Activities	1,980,525	655,565	2,636,090		
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities					
Transfers from other funds	340,000	160,000	500,000		
Interest on delinquent taxes	5,978		5,978		
Net cash flows from non-capital financing					
activities	345,978	160,000	505,978		
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities					
System investment fees	547,880	81,393	629,273		
Bond principal (payments)	(1,002,929)	(400,654)	(1,403,583)		
Payment on bond interest	(374,984)	•	(374,984)		
Capital assets acquired or constructed	(304,385)	(160,155)	(464,540)		
Capital expenditures	(186,600)	(5,135)	(191,735)		
Net cash flows from capital and financing activities	(1,321,018)	(484,551)	(1,805,569)		
Cash flows from investing activities					
Payments received on due from other governments	-	115,912	115,912		
Interest income	102,696	106,321	209,017		
Net cash flows from investing activities	102,696	222,233	324,929		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash					
equivalents	1,108,181	553,247	1,661,428		
Beginning of year	4,426,586	1,998,956	6,425,542		
End of year	\$ 5,534,767	\$ 2,552,203	\$ 8,086,970		

Pagosa Area Water and Sanitation District Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Enterprise Fund						
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash flows from operating activities		ater Fund		Total			
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash flows from operating activities:	\$	(114,829)	\$	(291,835)	\$	(406,664)	
Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities (Increase) decrease in:		2,129,783		885,267		3,015,050	
Accounts receivable		46,363		16,549		62,912	
Inventory		(130,922)		(2,230)		(133,152)	
Prepaid expenses		38,937		-		38,937	
Increase (decrease) in:							
Accounts payable		(2,462)		25,878		23,416	
Accrued liabilities		2,246		3,567		5,813	
Unearned revenues		11,409		18,369		29,778	
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$	1,980,525	\$	655,565	\$	2,636,090	

Pagosa Area Water and Sanitation District Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

1. <u>Definition of Reporting Entity</u>

A decree signed by the District Court for the Sixth Judicial District of Colorado on March 28, 1977, authorized the formation of a new special district, Pagosa Area Water and Sanitation District (the District), as a successor to the old district, Pagosa Water and Sanitation District. The organizational meeting of the new district was held on April 28, 1977. A Board of Directors meeting, held on January 12, 1978, accepted the conveyance of all properties and liabilities of the old district as required for dissolution.

The District's combined financial statements include the accounts of all District operations. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the District's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, include whether:

- The organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in their own name)
- The District holds the corporate powers of the organization
- The District appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- The District is able to impose its will on the organization
- The organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the District
- There is fiscal dependency by the organization on the District
- The organization is financially accountable to the District
- The organization receives or holds funds that are for the benefit of the District; and the District has access to a majority of the funds held; and the funds that are accessible are also significant to the District.

Based on the aforementioned criteria, the District does not have any component units.

During 2013, the Board decided not to further develop the Dry Gulch project. As a result, the costs incurred through 2013 were reclassified as held for sale. Due to changes in the notes payable and the possibility of future development, the asset was reclassified as Other assets. No depreciation is being taken on Other assets.

The governmental activities net position, unrestricted is a deficit of \$2,803,753. The deficit is a result of prior Boards electing to record assets purchased with general obligation bonds as assets in the utility funds that will utilize those assets. As a result, the Water and Wastewater funds recorded the assets and a contributed capital amount. Those Water and Wastewater funds are also depreciating the applicable assets.

2. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

This summary of the Pagosa Area Water and Sanitation District's significant accounting policies is presented to assist the reader in interpreting the financial statements and other data in this report. The policies are considered essential and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements:

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the basic financial statements and provides an analytical overview of the District's financial activities for the current year.

Basic Financial Statements:

Government-wide financial statements consist of a statement of net position and a statement of activities as well as reconciliations for these statements. These statements report all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government; neither fiduciary funds nor component funds that are fiduciary in nature are included. Governmental activities are reported separately from business-type activities. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues whereas business-type activities are normally supported by fees and charges for services and are usually intended by management to be financially self-sustaining.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the District and for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific program or function. Program revenues include (a) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or program and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes and other items, are presented as general revenues.

The effect of interfund activity has been removed from the government-wide financial statements.

Fund financial statements consist of a series of statements focusing on information about the District's major governmental and enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are presented for the governmental and the enterprise funds.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation:

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Only current assets and liabilities are included on the balance sheet, and the fund balance includes only spendable resources. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized as soon as they are both "measurable and available." Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period except for property taxes, which have been levied to be collected in a subsequent year. Expenditures are recorded when a liability is incurred as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are reported only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt are reported as other financing sources.

The District has the following governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The main source of revenues is from property taxes.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - The Debt Service Fund accounts for the servicing of general long-term debt not being financed by proprietary funds. The main source of revenues is from property taxes.

Proprietary Funds reported by the District are as follows:

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - Enterprise funds account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges, which are considered operating revenues. Non-operating revenues consist of charges to customers, which are used to fund capital improvements, and interest and other investment income. The District's two enterprise funds are the Water Fund and the Wastewater Fund.

Cash and Cash Equivalents:

The District's cash and cash equivalents include amounts that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash, are not subject to significant risk from changes in interest rates and have a maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition. For cash and cash equivalents, the market value approximates the carrying value. Cash and cash equivalents for purposes of the cash flow statement for the Proprietary Funds, include cash in operating accounts and balances in COLOTRUST.

Deposits are stated at cost, which approximates fair value.

Investments are stated at fair value. Any differences between the market value and cost of investments are reflected in investment income. As of year-end, any differences are considered immaterial.

Receivables and Payables:

All outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

The District has substantial delinquent trade receivables. Options available to the District to collect delinquent accounts are disconnection, lien on property, foreclosure, and litigation. Special districts have an automatic lien that is perpetual. In addition, Senate Bill 79 substantially adds to the powers of a special district, where delinquent fees can be certified to the county treasurer and collected with property taxes. The District was first allowed to certify accounts for collection in 1990. Beginning in 2012, the District began using Colorado Central Collection Services for delinquent accounts that had not been previously "certified" to the County Treasurer for collection with property taxes. Each year, additional fees were added to the accounts that had been previously "certified" with the County. In 2017, Archuleta County Treasurer refused to accept additional certifications to those accounts. The District now utilizes Colorado Central Collection Services exclusively to collect on delinquent accounts. The District has also established a reserve for uncollectibles for any accounts not collectible under any of the above alternatives. The reserves at December 31, 2018, were \$323,346 for the Water Fund and \$378,130 for the Wastewater Fund.

Receivables for tap fees are not expected to be collected within a year of billing. Payment schedules for these fees vary. Tap fees owed the District at year-end are reported in the Proprietary Fund Types. Receivables for tap fees are part of non-current assets, customer accounts receivable.

Property tax billings are considered past due after June 16 of each year, at which time the applicable property is subject to lien, and penalties and interest are assessed. An allowance for uncollectible taxes has been estimated in the General Fund based on twenty percent of the total delinquent taxes as of December 31. The allowance at year-end was \$36,272.

Inventories:

Inventories of supplies and materials are valued at the lower of cost or market, using the first in, first out method.

Prepaid Items:

Payments made for services that will benefit periods beyond the end of the current year are recorded as prepaid items.

Restricted Assets:

Certain assets are classified as restricted on the balance sheet because their use is limited.

Assets restricted for debt service are accumulated for the purpose of retiring bond principal and interest.

Assets restricted for construction are used to fund construction projects and purchase fixed assets.

Capital Assets:

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. water and wastewater lines), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Assets capitalized have an original cost of \$5,000 or more and are expected to last longer than three years. Such assets are stated at cost, except for donated assets, which are stated at their fair market value at the time of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase is reflected in the capitalized value of the asset constructed.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets except infrastructure is charged as an expense against their operations or functions, whereas the infrastructure depreciation is unallocated. Property, plant, and equipment in the primary government is depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives as follows:

	Estimated Useful Lives in Years
Source of supply	10 - 50
Water Treatment Plants	30 - 50
Sewage treatment plants	30 - 50
Collection, transmission and distribution system	30 - 50
Buildings	40 - 50
General equipment	5 - 10
Transportation equipment	5 - 10
Computer software	3 - 5

Personal Time Off and Retirement:

Personal Time Off (PTO) is earned and credited at the beginning of the first two pay periods of each month. Regular employees accrue PTO based on their length of continuous employment. During the first year of employment an employee earns 14 days annually with an accrual cap of 112 hours or 14 days. Upon completion of the first year of employment an employee earns 19 days annually with an accrual cap of 304 hours or 38 days. Upon completion of the fifth year of employment, an employee earns 24 days annually with an accrual cap of 384 hours or 48 days. Upon completion of tenth year of employment, an employee earns 29 days with an accrual cap of 464 hours or 59 days.

Employees who do not use their annual accrual of PTO time can carry it over from one year to the next until the employee reaches two (2) times the annual entitlement. Once the PTO balance reaches the accrual cap, accrual ceases until the balance has been reduced.

Instead of taking PTO, an employee can elect to be paid for up to 40 hours of PTO in any one year.

The amount of accrued PTO and retirement as of December 31, 2018 was \$96,641, with each fund recording their respective amount.

Long-Term Debt:

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities and business-type activities fund. Long-term debt and other long-term liabilities are also reported as liabilities in the proprietary fund type statement of net position. Debt premiums or discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the bonds-outstanding method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize debt premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures in the year the debt is issued.

Net Position/Fund Balances:

The difference between assets and liabilities is "Net Position" on the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements and "Fund Balance" on the governmental fund financial statements. Net position is divided into invested in capital assets (net of related debt), restricted, and unrestricted. Net positions are reported as restricted when constraints are placed upon them by external parties or are imposed by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

The District has implemented GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions." In the fund financial statements, the following classifications describe the relative strength of spending constraints.

Non-Spendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaid amounts) or is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u> – The portion of fund balance constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as grantors or bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u> – The portion of fund balance constrained for specific purposes according to the limitations imposed by the District's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors, or other individuals authorized to assign funds to be used for a specific purpose. This classification is necessary to indicate that those funds are, at a minimum, intended to be used for the purpose of that particular fund.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance set aside for planned or intended purposes but is neither restricted nor committed. The intended use may be expressed by the Board of Directors or other individuals authorized to assign funds to be used for a specific purpose. Assigned fund balances in special revenue funds will also include any remaining fund balance that is not restricted or committed. This classification is necessary to indicate that those funds are, at a minimum, intended to be used for the purpose of that particular fund.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the above criteria. The District will only report a positive unassigned fund balance in the General Fund.

When both restricted and unrestricted fund balance are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted amounts first. Unrestricted fund balance will be used in the following order: committed, assigned and unassigned.

Property Taxes:

In the governmental fund financial statements property tax revenue is accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Property tax receivable is recognized on the levy or lien date. This receivable represents taxes certified by the county to be collected in the next fiscal year for the purposes set out in the budget for the next fiscal year. Although the succeeding year property tax receivable has been recorded, the related revenue is deferred and will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied in the governmental fund statements. In the government-wide financial statements, which are prepared using full accrual, the revenue is not deferred and is recognized in the current year financial statements.

The District's property taxes, levied by December 15, are due and payable in the subsequent calendar year. Assessed values are established by the county assessor. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of the year in which they are payable. The taxes are payable under two methods: 1) in full on or before April 30, or 2) one-half on or before February 28, and the remaining one-half on or before June 15. All unpaid taxes levied December 31, that are levied for collection in the subsequent calendar year, become delinquent June 16.

Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates and the differences could be material.

3. Deposits and Investments

Deposits:

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) governs the District's cash deposits. The statutes specify eligible depositories for public cash deposits, which must be Colorado institutions and must maintain federal insurance on deposits held. Each eligible depository with deposits in excess of the insured levels must pledge a collateral pool of defined eligible assets, to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all of its local government depositors as a group, with a market value at least equal to 102% of the uninsured deposits. The State Regulatory Commissions for banks and savings and loan associations are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and the reporting of uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

The primary objective in priority order of investment activities shall be safety, liquidity, and yield.

Custodial Credit Risk – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's policy requires all deposits to be held in PDPA approved financial institutions. At year-end, the District's deposits were not exposed to custodial credit risk. Deposits are collateralized with securities held by the financial institution, pledged in accordance with the PDPA.

Investments:

The District has invested in a local government investment pool, COLOTRUST. These investments are not subject to collateralization because they are not evidenced by physical securities.

At year-end, the District had the following investments:

	Fair Market
	Value
COLOTRUST	\$ 8,766,404

Credit Risk – Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. At year-end, the District's investments in COLOTRUST were rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. They are regulated by the Colorado Division of Securities, and the District's position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

The District's investment policy is to apply the prudent person rule where investments are made as a prudent person would be expected to act. The District's investment policy limits investments in fixed income securities to U. S. Treasury Bills, Notes, and Bonds, certificates of deposit, commercial paper, money market funds and Colorado public investment pools. All investment must be made in accordance with Colorado Revised Statutes.

Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District's investment policy is to manage this risk by investing in short term maturities.

4. Cash Flow Statement

For purposes of the cash flow statement in the proprietary fund types, cash and cash equivalents are shown below:

	Water		 Vastewater	Total
Unrestricted Assets: Cash	\$	3,376,943	\$ 1,657,329	\$ 5,034,272
Restricted Assets: Cash		2,157,824	894,874	3,052,698
Totals for Cash Flow Statement	\$	5,534,767	\$ 2,552,203	\$ 8,086,970

5. <u>Interfund Transactions</u>

Transfers between funds represent the amounts used to offset allocations between assets and liabilities in any given year.

Operating transfers between funds during the year are as follows:

	Transfers	Transfers
	In	Out
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 500,000
Water Fund	340,000	-
Wastewater Fund	160,000	-
	\$ 500,000	\$ 500,000

All other transactions between funds represent "due to/from other funds" caused by cash from one fund paying for expenditures or expenses of another.

6. Commitments and Construction Work in Process

The District's construction work in process, which is reported in the proprietary funds, consists primarily of work being done on water and wastewater lines. Construction costs that were added to construction work in process totaled \$283,187 during the year.

Each year the District has various on-going construction projects. The costs of these projects are recorded as current year expenditures in the appropriate enterprise fund. Interest revenues, interest expenses, and bond issuance expenses on these projects are recorded in the Debt Service Fund, the Water Fund, or the Wastewater Fund. At the end of the year, the expenses associated with each construction project are aggregated and recorded in the appropriate proprietary fund type. As the projects are completed, they are transferred into capital assets in either the Water Fund or the Wastewater Fund and depreciated over the asset's estimated useful life.

The following is a summary of the construction work in process for each enterprise fund at year-end:

	Water		W	astewater	Total		
Beginning balance	\$	50,602	\$	59,085	\$	109,687	
Additions		182,543		100,644		283,187	
Less transfers to fixed assets		(92,538)		(75,889)		(168,427)	
Ending balance	\$	140,607	\$	83,840	\$	224,447	

7. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2018, was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance
Governmental Activities				
Land and improvements	\$ 113,056	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 113,056
Buildings	596,096	-	-	596,096
Capital equipment	217,651	-	-	217,651
Transportation equipment	76,287			76,287
Total	1,003,090	-	-	1,003,090
Less accumulated depreciation	(536,175)	(25,791)	-	(561,966)
Total Governmental Fixed Assets	\$ 466,915	\$ (25,791)	\$ -	\$ 441,124
	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance
Business-Type Activities				
Water augmentation	\$ 217,639	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 217,639
Water rights	7,334,995	-	-	7,334,995
Source of supply	12,188,076	-	-	12,188,076
Land and improvements	460,640	-	-	460,640
Treatment plants	33,901,750	50,989	-	33,952,739
Collection, transmission and				
distribution systems	62,997,788	71,691	(267,180)	62,802,299
Buildings	518,820	-	-	518,820
Capital equipment	2,001,492	69,598	-	2,071,090
Transportation equipment	496,189	70,521		566,710
Total	120,117,389	262,799	(267,180)	120,113,008
Less accumulated depreciation	(37,605,592)	(3,015,050)	97,264	(40,523,378)
Total Business-Type Fixed Assets	\$ 82,511,797	\$(2,752,251)	\$ (169,916)	\$ 79,589,630

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the District as follows:

Governmental Activities		
Administrative services	\$ 25,791	
Business-Type Activities		
Water	\$ 2,129,783	
Wastewater	885,267	
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 3,015,050	

8. Accounts Payable, Accrued Liabilities and Unearned Revenues

Accounts Payable as shown on the District's financial statements reflect amounts due to vendors for services rendered or goods purchased by year-end.

Accrued expenses consist of payroll tax liabilities, accrued personal time off, and other miscellaneous amounts due on behalf of employees.

Unearned revenues consist of capital investment fees and connection charges collected in advance for construction of residences or commercial buildings being completed.

9. <u>Long-Term Liabilities</u>

Governmental Activities:

The District issues general obligation bonds to provide for the acquisition, development, and construction of major water and wastewater projects. All general obligation bonds are collateralized by the full faith, credit and taxing power of the District and principal and interest requirements are appropriated by the Debt Service Fund when due. Long-term liabilities for the general obligation bonds are recorded as long-term debt in the government-wide statements.

During 2012, the District issued two refunding bonds, General Obligation Refunding Bonds, District Series 2012 and General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Sub-District Series 2012. Terms of repayments call for annual principle payments due December 1 and semi-annual interest payments due June 1 and December 1. The bonds are considered general obligation debt of the District payable from ad valorem taxes within the District or from other legally available moneys as set forth in the official statements dated March 27, 2012.

Repayments on General Obligation Refunding Bonds, District Series 2012 are as follows:

	Principle		I	nterest	Total		
2019	\$	665,000	\$	78,960	\$	743,960	
2020		685,000		59,010		744,010	
2021		700,000		41,200		741,200	
2022		720,000		21,600		741,600	
Total	\$	2,770,000	\$	200,770	\$	2,970,770	

Repayments on General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Sub-District Series 2012 are as follows:

	Principle		Iı	nterest	Total		
2019	\$	330,000	\$	41,294	\$	371,294	
2020		345,000		31,394		376,394	
2021		350,000		21,906		371,906	
2022		365,000		11,406		376,406	
Total	\$	1,390,000	\$	106,000	\$	1,496,000	

Business-Type Activities:

Revenue bonds are issued by the proprietary type funds to finance specific projects and are payable from availability of service charges revenues and other revenues derived from operations. Long-term liabilities are recorded in the appropriate enterprise fund.

Water Enterprise Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2015

The bonds are revenue obligations of the District, acting by and through its Water Activity Enterprise, payable out of Adjusted Net Revenue derived from the District's water and wastewater systems. The bonds constitute an irrevocable and first lien on Adjusted Net Revenue, but not an exclusive lien. The bonds do not constitute a debt or indebtedness within the meaning of any constitutional or statutory debt limitation or provision and are not payable in whole or in part from the proceeds of ad valorem property taxes.

The bonds are not subject to redemption prior to maturity.

Proceeds from the sale of the bonds, together with legally available moneys of the District, will be used to refund a portion of the District's outstanding revenue bonds and pay the costs of issuance of the bonds.

Interest is due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. Principle payments are due December 1 of each year.

Repayments on Water Enterprise Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2015 are as follows:

Calendar Year	Principal Maturities	Interest Rate	Interest Payments	Annual Debt Service Requirements	
2019	\$ 450,000	3.00%	\$ 102,150	\$ 552,150	
2020	475,000	3.00%	88,650	563,650	
2021	480,000	3.00%	74,400	554,400	
2022	490,000	4.00%	60,000	550,000	
2023	515,000	4.00%	40,400	555,400	
2024	495,000_	4.00%	19,800	514,800	
	\$2,905,000		\$ 385,400	\$3,290,400	

Drinking Water Revenue Bond – Series 2008

On June 1, 2008, the District entered into a loan agreement with Colorado Water Resources and Power Development Authority (the Authority) for \$7,158,870 to finance the costs of drinking water facilities for the District. The Authority was created to initiate, acquire, construct, maintain, repair and operate or cause to be operated water management projects, which include water facilities, and to issue its bonds to pay the cost of such projects.

The bonds are special revenue obligations of the District, acting by and through its Water Activity Enterprise, payable from availability of service charge revenues and other revenues derived from operations.

The note constitutes an irrevocable and first lien on adjusted net revenue (net operating revenues plus availability of service charge revenues) but is not an exclusive lien.

The note is issued as a fully registered note without coupons. Interest, administrative fees, and principal are payable semiannually on each June 1 and December 1, commencing December 1, 2008.

The amount currently outstanding on this note is as follows:

Calendar	Principal	Interest	I	nterest	Se	ervicing	De	bt Service
Year	Maturities	Rate	Pa	yments		Fee	Re	quirements
2019	\$ 380,612	4.00%	\$	92,683	\$	89,486	\$	562,781
2020	372,216	4.00%		86,063		89,486		547,765
2021	389,008	4.25%		79,528		89,486		558,022
2022	400,202	4.00%		73,068		89,486		562,756
2023	400,203	4.00%		66,633		89,486		556,322
2024-2028	3,319,163	4.00%-4.25%		219,964		377,630		3,916,757
	\$ 5,261,404		\$	617,939	\$	825,060	\$	6,704,403

Colorado Water Conservation Board - Dry Gulch Reservoir Project

On July 21, 2008, the District entered into a loan agreement with Colorado Water Conservation Board (CWCB) for \$11,217,000 to finance the costs of land acquisition for the Dry Gulch Reservoir Project. The CWCB is authorized to loan money for water projects from the CWCB Construction Fund for the benefit of the people of Colorado, provided that the borrower (Pagosa Area Water and Sanitation District) assures repayment of that money.

The note is a special revenue obligation of the District, acting by and through its Water Activity Enterprise, payable from availability of service charge revenues and other revenues derived from operations.

The note constitutes an irrevocable and first lien on adjusted net revenue (net operating revenues plus availability of service charge revenues) but is not an exclusive lien.

During 2015 the District and CWCB agreed to restructure the December 31, 2014 outstanding loan balance of \$8,855,935. The new agreement separates the \$8,855,930 into two separate loans. The original amount of Loan A was \$4,290,930, bears interest at 1.75% and is for 20 years with annual payments of \$256,130, which includes principle and interest. Loan B is in the amount of \$4,565,000, bears interest at 3.5% and is for 20 years with annual payments of \$321,198 with the first payment due October 1, 2035. The interest to be paid on Loan B will not begin accruing until October 1, 2034, when Loan A is paid in full.

The amount currently outstanding on Loan A is as follows:

Calendar	Principal	Interest	Interest	Annual Debt Service
Year	Maturities	Rate	Payments	Requirements
2019	\$ 194,049	1.75%	\$ 62,081	\$ 256,130
2020	197,445	1.75%	58,685	256,130
2021	200,900	1.75%	55,230	256,130
2022	204,416	1.75%	51,714	256,130
2023	207,993	1.75%	48,137	256,130
2024-2028	1,095,853	1.75%	184,797	1,280,650
2029-2033	1,195,160	1.75%	85,495	1,280,655
2034	251,726	1.75%	4,405	256,131
	\$ 3,547,542		\$ 550,544	\$ 4,098,086

The District is also required to establish a debt service reserve account. The District is required to deposit one-tenth of an annual payment into its debt service reserve account on the due date of its first annual loan payment and annually thereafter for the first ten years of repayment of this loan.

The original agreement between the District and CWCB included a grant of \$1,000,000. As a result of restructuring the original loan as noted above, the grant will also be restructured. If the project, including any changes as approved by all parties, is not constructed within the 20-year term of Loan A, or an additional 1 to 20 years of Loan B, the \$1,000,000 grant will be restructured as a loan that will have to be repaid. Interest shall be at 3.5% with 20 annual payment of \$70,361, including principle and interest. It is the intent of the District to construct the project. As a result, the District will not record a note payable for the \$1,000.000.

2009 ARRA Loan Agreement

On September 4, 2009, the District entered into a loan agreement with Colorado Water Resources and Power Development Authority (CWRPDA) for \$6,111,224 to finance the costs of wastewater treatment projects. The CWRPDA is authorized to loan money from the Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund subject to certain terms and conditions.

The note is a special revenue obligation of the District, acting by and through its Water and Sewer Activity Enterprise, payable from availability of service charge revenues and other revenues derived from operations.

The note constitutes an irrevocable and first lien on adjusted net revenue (net operating revenues plus availability of service charge revenues) but is not an exclusive lien.

At the loan closing, CWRPDA agreed to forgive \$1,309,282 of the principal amount of the loan. This loan was amended on February 11, 2010. The principal amount was changed to \$8,345,823 with the forgiveness remaining at \$1,309,282. At December 31, 2012, the District had drawn down all available loan proceeds. In 2009, the District recognized \$669,963 as forgiveness of debt. The remaining balance of \$639,320 was recognized in 2010. At December 31, 2012, the amount due was \$7,211,762. Payment was scheduled to begin on May 1, 2012, based on the full loan principal balance. The amortization schedule provided below reflects the principal balance due on this loan, as well as the principal balance due on the 2009 Base Program Loan Agreement.

The annual interest rate is 0%.

2009 Base Program Loan Agreement

On September 4, 2009, the District entered into a loan agreement with Colorado Water Resources and Power Development Authority (CWRPDA) for \$3,211,129 to finance the costs of wastewater treatment projects. The CWRPDA is authorized to loan money from the Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund subject to certain terms and conditions.

The note is a special revenue obligation of the District, acting by and through its Water and Sewer Activity Enterprise, payable from availability of service charge revenues and other revenues derived from operations.

The note constitutes an irrevocable and first lien on adjusted net revenue (net operating revenues plus availability of service charge revenues) but is not an exclusive lien.

Payments were scheduled to begin on May 1, 2011, based on the full loan principal balance of \$976,530. The District, as of December 31, 2012, had drawn the maximum principle amount available. The amortization schedule provided below reflects the principal balance due on this loan, as well as the principal balance due on the 2009 ARRA Loan Agreement.

The annual interest rate is 0%.

Annual debt service on the 2009 ARRA Loan Agreement and the 2009 Base Program Loan agreement is as follows:

	2009			2009		
		ARRA	Base	Program		
		Loan		Loan		
	\mathbf{A}_{i}	greement	Ag	reement		
Calendar	P	rincipal	Pı	rincipal	Debt Service	
Year	M	Maturities		aturities	Requirements	
2019	-\$	351,827	\$	48,827	\$	400,654
2020		351,827		48,827		400,654
2021		351,827		48,827		400,654
2022		351,827		48,827		400,654
2023		351,827		48,827		400,654
2024-2028		1,759,135		244,130		2,003,265
2029-2030		703,653		97,652		801,305
	\$	4,221,923	\$	585,917	\$	4,807,840

Changes in Long-Term Debt:

	Beginning			Add	itions	Ending
Governmental Activities	Balance]	Payments	(Dele	etions)	Balance
General Obligation Bonds						
Series 2012 dated March 27	\$ 1,710,000	\$	(320,000)	\$	-	\$ 1,390,000
Series 2012 dated March 27	3,415,000		(645,000)		-	2,770,000
Total	5,125,000		(965,000)	-		 4,160,000
Business-Type Activities						
Revenue Bonds						
2015 Revenue and Refunding	3,345,000		(440,000)		-	2,905,000
2008 Revenue Bond	5,633,621		(372,216)		-	5,261,405
CWRPDA – ARRA & Base	5,208,490		(400,654)		-	4,807,836
CWCB Loan A	3,738,253		(190,711)		-	3,547,542
CWCB Loan B	4,565,000		-		-	4,565,000
Total	22,490,364		(1,403,581)		-	 21,086,783
Total Long-Term Debt	\$27,615,364		(2,368,581)	\$	-	25,246,783
Less Current Portion						
General Obligation Bonds						(995,000)
Revenue Bonds						(1,425,315)
Total						 22,826,468

Annual Debt Requirements for all Bonds (Principal Only):

	Bonds
2019	\$ 2,420,315
2020	2,475,315
2021	2,520,562
2022	2,580,270
2023	1,523,849
2024-2028	6,913,281
2029-2033	1,996,465
2034-2038	251,726
2039-2054	4,565,000
Total	\$ 25,246,783

Annual debt requirements are based on maximum annual payments due.

10. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damages to or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God. Commercial insurance is purchased by the District to cover losses or claims arising from such matters. It is not possible to estimate any losses, which would not be covered by the commercial insurance; however, settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the three preceding years.

11. Pension Plans

The District contributes to the Colorado County Officials and Employees Retirement Plan, a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Colorado County Officials and Employees Retirement Association. The Colorado County Officials and Employees Retirement Association (the "Association") was established in 1968 under 24-54-101 et. seq. Colorado Revised Statutes as amended, to serve as trustee and provide continuing administration of a trust fund for retirement benefits of eligible county and municipal officers and county, municipal, and special district employees. The Board can make changes to the plan as needed.

In the defined contribution pension plan, contributions of the employers are combined with employee contributions and invested in income earning instruments for the benefit of plan participants. Any county, municipality, or special district of the State of Colorado may, with the consent of the Association, become a member of the Association and participate in the plan by adopting it for its officers and employees. Employees and officers of association members are required to participate in the plan after the completion of one year of service, but participation is optional for all elected officials. Pagosa Area Water and Sanitation District requires employee participation upon employment; elected officials do not participate in their plan.

This retirement benefit is available to all employees and is funded by a 6% contribution from the District. The District reports their contribution on behalf of the employee subject to FICA and Medicare taxes; the balance is not subject to FICA and Medicare taxes.

Net earnings or losses are allocated quarterly to plan participants. The allocation is based on each participant's balance as of the beginning of that quarter. Participants receiving benefit payments upon retirement or termination are allocated earnings through the date of the distribution.

Benefit payments are made as of the effective date of each participant's retirement or termination. At retirement, each participant has the option of receiving his or her vested balance in cash or having the Association place the funds in a bank account maintained under the joint control of the Association and the retiring individual. Any employer contribution forfeited by a participant due to termination of employment before becoming fully vested is returned to the member county, municipality, or special district.

For the current year, the District's total salaries were \$1,596,541 and contributions were \$87,922 for both the employer and the employees, based on eligible wages of \$1,465,376. The dollar amount of forfeitures during 2018 was \$-0-. The District did not have any unpaid pension contributions as of year-end.

In addition to participating in the plan, each participant may elect to contribute to a deferred compensation plan established pursuant to IRC Section 457. Through the deferred compensation plan, a member employer defers payment of a portion of an employee's current salary and deposits the deferred payment with the Association. Upon a participant's retirement or termination of employment, the Association may begin payment of this deferred amount. The District's participating employee's contributions amounted to \$38,959 for the current year.

All plan administrative expenses are borne by the participants.

12. Operating Leases

The District is committed to the following operating lease:

Copy machine with Xerox – On March 6, 2015, the District received a new copy machine and signed a new lease with Xerox. This lease has a base monthly charge or \$285 plus a \$.0085 charge for each black and white print and a charge of \$.0584 for each color print. During the year, the amount paid to Xerox was approximately \$4,100. At the end of the lease term, the District will have paid \$17,096 for the base lease.

At year-end, the remaining base lease charges are as follows:

2019	\$ 3,420
2020	3,420
2021	855
Total	\$ 7,695

13. <u>Leasehold Agreements</u>

On January 3, 2008, Pagosa Area Water and Sanitation District along with San Juan Water Conservancy District (collectively called the Landlord) entered into the following lease agreements as a result of their joint purchase of the property (Sale Land) owned by Running Iron Ranch, LLC, a Colorado limited liability company (the Tenant). The property was purchased to develop a water diversion and reservoir project (the Project). The Sale land and the improvements thereon and the water yielded from the Water Shares are currently being used to raise cattle and for other agricultural purposes and is subject to an existing lease for mining of sand, gravel and rock. Agricultural and mining activities are currently conducted on the Sale Land by Kathryn L. Weber and Donald L. Weber. The Sale Land and the improvements thereon are also used as a principal residence for Kathryn L. Weber, who is manager of the Tenant and who is one of the indirect owners of the Tenant, and her husband Donald L. Weber.

Occupancy and Agriculture Lease

Pursuant to the purchase of the property owned by the Tenant, the Landlord agreed to permit the Tenant to continue to use and occupy the Sale Land from January 3, 2008 until the date that the commencement of Landlord's physical development of the project substantially interferes with tenant's use of the sale land. The Tenant must be given advance notice of development plans at least a year in advance and then 90 days prior to the actual commencement of development. The lease terminates after 15 years unless the Landlord and Tenant agree to extend the term by mutual written consent.

The lease agreement requires the Tenant to pay \$1 a year for the use of the Sale Property. Tenant has paid \$15 for the complete lease term. Tenant is also responsible for any property or other business taxes due along with all utilities and insurance, which shall be purchased with liability limits of not less than \$1,000,000 with Landlord, named as additional insured.

If termination of this lease occurs due to foreclosure or deed in lieu of foreclosure and successor owner of the property terminates this lease, as a condition of the termination of this lease, Tenant shall be paid \$80,000.

Sand and Gravel Lease

Landlord has agreed to purchase the Sand and Gravel Lease Contract between Donald Weber, Kathryn Weber, and Andy Weber (collectively doing business as Weber Sand and Gravel). The Sand and Gravel Lease Contract provides that, pursuant to a lease to be executed at the closing of the purchase of the Sale Land and the Sand, Gravel and Mining Lease, Tenant shall have the right to mine sand, gravel and other related materials from the ranch properties pursuant to a new lease between Landlord and Tenant.

This lease shall continue from January 3, 2008 until the date that the commencement of landlord's physical development of the project substantially interferes with tenant's use of the Sale Land. The Tenant must be given advance notice of development plans at least a year in advance and then 90 days prior to the actual commencement of development. The lease terminates after 15 years unless the Landlord and Tenant agree to extend the term by mutual written consent.

The lease agreement requires the Tenant to pay \$1 a year for the Sand and Gravel Lease. Tenant has paid \$15 for the complete lease term. Tenant is also responsible for any property or other business taxes due along with all utilities and insurance, which shall be purchased with liability limits of not less than \$1,000,000 with Landlord, named as additional insureds.

14. Reserves, Restrictions, and Designations of Fund Balances and Net Position

As of year-end, the District had set aside the following reserves and restrictions:

15. Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR)

Colorado voters passed an amendment to the State Constitution, Article X, Section 20, which has several limitations, including revenue raising, spending abilities, and other specific requirements of state and local governments.

The District's financial activity provides the basis for calculation of limitations adjusted for allowable increases tied to inflation and local growth.

The amendment excludes "Enterprises" from its provisions. Enterprises, defined as government-owned business authorized to issue revenue bonds and receiving less than 10 percent of their annual revenue in grants from all state and local governments combined, are excluded from the provisions of the amendment. The District is of the opinion that the water and wastewater operations qualify for this exclusion.

Fiscal year spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's spending adjusted for inflation and local growth. Revenue in excess of the limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

Fiscal year spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. In effect, it has been generally interpreted that fiscal year spending approximates nonexempt revenue or receipts. Spending excludes spending from certain revenue and financial sources such as federal funds, gifts, property sales, fund transfers, damage awards, and fund reserves.

The amendment requires, with certain exceptions, voter approval prior to imposing new taxes, increasing tax rates, increasing a mill levy above that for the prior year, extending an expiring tax or implementing tax policy change directly causing a net tax revenue gain to any local government.

Except for bond refinancing at lower interest rates or adding employees to existing pension plans, the amendment specifically prohibits the creation of multiple-fiscal year debt or other financial obligations without voter approval or irrevocably pledging present cash reserves for all future payments.

The amendment requires that emergency reserves be established. These reserves must be at least three percent of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service) in years after 1994.

Emergency reserves as of year-end totaling \$33,028 have been presented as a reservation of fund balance in the General Fund. This emergency reserve was calculated in the District's General Fund and is not a required reserve in any other funds. Under TABOR, the District is not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The amendment is complex and is subject to judicial interpretation. The District believes it is in compliance with the requirements of the amendment. However, certain interpretations in the amendment's language have been made in order to determine its compliance.

In May of 2000, Pagosa Area Water and Sanitation District asked its voters to allow the District to collect, retain, and spend all revenues and other funds collected from any source not excluded from fiscal year spending, effective January 1, 2000, and continuing thereafter. A permanent waiver of the 5.5% limitation was also requested. The requests were approved by the District's voters.

It is anticipated that transfers to the Water and Wastewater Enterprise Funds will be reduced at some point to preserve the General Fund's fund equity in light of the District's election on a referred measure. On May 3, 2016, the District's voters passed a measure to subject the revenue, collection, and spending limits under Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution (otherwise known as the Taxpayers Bill of Rights (TABOR)) by repealing the ballot measure previously approved by the District on May of 2000. The action may impact the General Fund by limiting tax revenues. It is not anticipated that General Fund expenses, other than transfers, can be reduced.

16. Joint Venture

The District is a participant in the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (The Pool). The Pool is a joint venture between the Special District Association of Colorado and various special districts in Colorado. The Pool provides property and general liability, automobile physical damage and liability, public officials' liability, inland marine, money and security, and boiler and machinery coverages to its members. Pagosa Area Water and Sanitation District has not had losses of a material amount in any of the preceding three years. The District does not know its percentage share of the joint venture.

The Pool has contracted with other third parties to operate, administer, and manage the Pool. The Pool is responsible for its own budgets. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from the reinsurance contracts and capital and surplus accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. The joint venture summary audited financial information as of December 31, 2017, is as follows:

Admitted Assets	\$	56,602,888
Liabilities	\$	30,815,521
Surplus		25,787,367
Total Liabilities and Surplus	\$	56,602,888
Revenues	\$	20,082,198
Expenses		(18,721,378)
Net Income (Loss)	\$	1,360,820
Investment Income	ď	621 406
investment income	<u> </u>	631,496
Change in Non-Admitted Assets	\$	(93,503)

Audited Financial Statements for the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liabilities Pool can be obtained by contacting the Pool.

17. Related Party Transactions

Pagosa Area Water and Sanitation District has agreed to share the costs on specified water projects with San Juan Water Conservancy District.

Pagosa Area Water and Sanitation District has entered into three intergovernmental agreements with San Juan Water Conservancy District.

- 1. Cost Sharing Agreement The two districts have agreed to share some costs associated with the enlargement of Stevens Reservoir. As of the end of the current year, Pagosa Area Water and Sanitation District has expended \$7,020,177 to date for this enlargement and that project is complete. An agreement was reached during September 2018 to terminate this agreement.
- 2. Memorandum of Understanding and Confidentiality Agreement This agreement is for the acquisition, planning, permitting, design, and construction of a water resources development known as the Dry Gulch Project. As of the end of the current year, Pagosa Area Water and Sanitation District has expended funds for \$9,817,939, for this project, which includes land acquisition. Because this project depends upon the growth of the community, future water demands, and public support for the project, it is not possible to estimate future costs. There were no additional costs capitalized during the current year. This asset has been reclassified as other assets.
- 3. Intergovernmental Agreement concerning Colorado Water Conservation Board Loan Financing for land acquisition and development of the Dry Gulch Project This agreement is to facilitate the financing arrangements for the Dry Gulch Project. Pagosa Area Water and Sanitation District was awarded a loan of \$11,217,000 from the Colorado Water Conservation Board (CWCB) for land acquisition. In December 2011, an interest payment for \$322,678 was made. Pagosa Area Water and Sanitation District requested that San Juan Water Conservancy District pay a portion on the interest due in return for an increased percentage of ownership in the land. San Juan Water Conservancy agreed and paid \$20,110. This increased their equity ownership from 11.21% to 11.43% and decreased Pagosa Area Water and Sanitation District's ownership from 88.79% to 88.57%. Any future payments by San Juan Water Conservancy District will further increase their ownership and decrease Pagosa Area Water and Sanitation District's ownership.

18. <u>Construction Commitments</u>

The District is committed to providing the highest quality water and wastewater services and to comply with the various legal requirements. While the district does not have any immediate plans for new construction, changes in the use, in regulations, and in maintenance could require new construction in the future. As a result, there is a small amount of construction in progress at the end of 2018.

19. Intergovernmental Agreement with Pagosa Springs Sanitation General Improvement District

During January, 2012, Pagosa Area Water and Sanitation District (PAWSD) and Pagosa Springs Sanitation General Improvement District (PSSGID) entered into an agreement to do a feasibility analysis and preliminary design, design development and final design, and construction phase of two segments of pipeline and two lift stations, Segment A and Segment B, and thereafter the ongoing operation and maintenance of both segments to provide for the conveyance and treatment of PSSGID raw sewage. The project has evolved from the conceptual phase in late 2012 to one actually under construction during 2014. The intergovernmental agreement that was executed in 2012 no longer reflects the full understanding of the parties and is in the process of being amended. The initial bids received for the construction of the pipeline and lift stations exceeded the engineer's estimated and were rejected. Hammerlund Construction was selected as a contractor for this project following a formal rebid process. Minutes of the PAWSD and PSSGID Boards reflect the revised understanding that PAWSD's financing of the portion of Segment B will not exceed \$2,835,745. It was determined that a more accurate designation of that financing would be as a long-term receivable to PAWSD and a long-term payable by PSSGID, which the audited financial statements reflect. The original terms of the intergovernmental agreement were modified by the respective Boards during 2016. Changes included interest to be charged on loan advances and final terms of repayment.

This project was completed during 2016. PAWSD is charging service fees based on usage and PSSGID is paying those fees.

The note receivable balance as of December 31, 2018, was \$2,579,418. The note bears interest at 2.19% interest with principle and interest payments of \$174,940 due November 1 of each year until paid, with the final payment due November 2036. The note was current as of December 31, 2018.



Pagosa Area Water and Sanitation District Budget and Actual General Fund For the year ended December 31, 2018

		Budgeted Amounts Original		Budgeted Amounts Final		Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES									
Property taxes	\$	843,415	\$	843,415	\$	842,003	\$	(1,412)	
SO taxes		195,000		195,000		232,656		37,656	
Investment earnings		13,000		13,000		21,024		8,024	
Miscellaneous		8,000		8,000		6,937		(1,063)	
Total revenues		1,059,415		1,059,415		1,102,620		43,205	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Emergency fund		19,625		19,625				19,625	
Audit		24,280		24,280		24,276		4	
Board expense		21,000		21,000		1,823		19,177	
Dues and permits		15,500		15,500		15,288		212	
Employee expense		3,000		3,000		4,141		(1,141)	
Fees		26,768		26,768		26,010		758	
Fringe benefit		72,205		72,205		62,618		9,587	
Insurance general		9,485		9,485		9,080		405	
Legal fees		4,000		4,000		2,682		1,318	
Office expense		31,000		31,000		31,761		(761)	
Office maintenance and landscape		17,750		17,750		19,252		(1,502)	
Outside services		64,115		64,115		62,457		1,658	
Payroll taxes, vacation and sick pay		21,860		21,860		25,138		(3,278)	
Personnel		290,910		290,910		290,946		(36)	
Publications and recording fees		2,800		2,800		1,322		1,478	
Repairs and maintenance		1,725		1,725		3,344		(1,619)	
Telephone and utilities		23,700		23,700 5,015		21,157 5,852		2,543 (837)	
Travel and training Total Expenditures		5,015 654,738		654,738		607,147		47,591	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over		034,/38		034,738		607,147		47,391	
expenditures		404,677		404,677		495,473		90,796	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers out		(500,000)		(500,000)		(500,000)		-	
Total other financing sources and uses		(500,000)		(500,000)		(500,000)			
Net change in fund balances		(95,323)		(95,323)		(4,527)		90,796	
Adjustment to GAAP fund balance		•		- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-		1,403	
Fund balances - beginning		927,221		927,221		965,572		(38,351)	
Fund balances - ending	\$	831,898	\$	831,898	\$	961,045	\$	115,290	

Pagosa Area Water and Sanitation District Notes to Required Supplementary Information December 31, 2018

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting:

The Board of Directors adopts an annual legal budget, which covers the General Fund, the Debt Service Fund, and the Water and Wastewater Enterprise Funds. The budgets for the General Fund and the Debt Service Fund are prepared on the modified accrual basis. The budgets for the two enterprise funds are prepared on the modified accrual basis and include debt principal retirements and capital outlays as expenses. Additionally, the enterprise funds do not include depreciation as a budgetary expense. The statements comparing budget and actual amounts for these governmental funds include adjustments to those budgetary bases for the differences noted above and for certain other items, which are reported in the District's budget differently than they are reported for accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Budgetary level of control is exercised at the departmental level. The District Manager has the authorization to make transfers of budgeted amounts within and among departments; however, any revisions that alter total expenditures for any of the funds must be approved by the Board of Directors.

The Budgetary Comparison Schedules included in the required supplementary information present a comparison of budgetary data to actual results of operations for the General Fund and Debt Service Fund, for which an annual operating budget is legally adopted. This fund utilizes the same basis of accounting for both budgetary purposes and actual results, with the following exception:

The General Fund recognizes an expenditure for the increase in the Emergency Reserve in its budget basis expenditures. Generally accepted accounting principles treat this as a reserve of fund balance.

Annual budgets are established for all funds of the District as required by Colorado law. Budgets reported in the accompanying financial statements are on the same basis of accounting as described above.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level. Budget amounts included in the financial statements are based on the final amended budget. After budget approval, the District's Board of Directors may approve supplemental appropriations if an occurrence, condition, or need exists which was not known at the time the budget was adopted. There was a supplemental appropriation made during the year.

The following is a summary of the 2018 budget appropriations and expenditures by fund:

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Expenditures (Budgetary) Basis	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
General Fund	\$ 1,154,738	\$ 1,154,738	\$ 1,107,147	\$ 47,591
Debt Service Fund	1,150,100	1,150,100	1,148,898	1,202
Water Fund	4,683,620	4,683,620	4,416,797	266,823
Wastewater Fund	2,371,735	2,371,735	2,203,974	167,761
Totals	\$ 9,360,193	\$ 9,360,193	\$ 8,876,816	\$ 483,377

On or before October 15th of each year, the District's budget officer must prepare and submit a proposed budget to the Board for the next fiscal year. Thereupon, notice must be published stating, among other things, that the budget is open to inspection by the public and that interested electors may file or register any objection to the budget. Subject to certain exceptions and exclusions discussed hereafter, the District must submit a request for property tax increases in excess of the statutory limitation to the Division of Local Government (if within TABOR limits) or submit the question of an increased levy directly to the electors of the District at a general or special election. State law requires that the District adopt a budget prior to the certification of its mill levy to the county and file a certified copy of its budget with the Division of Local Government within 30 days of such adoption. Failure to do so can result in the County Treasurer withholding future property tax revenues pending compliance by the District. The District filed the certified copy of its budget timely for the current year.

Budget appropriations lapse at the end of each year. The encumbrance method is not used.



Pagosa Area Water and Sanitation District Budget and Actual Debt Services Fund For the year ended December 31, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts Original	Budgeted Amounts Final	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES					
Property Taxes	\$ 1,157,754	\$ 1,157,754	\$ 1,152,525	\$ (5,229)	
Investment earnings	7,000	7,000	13,940	6,940	
Total revenues	1,164,754	1,164,754	1,166,465	1,711	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Administration	35,890	35,890	34,694	1,196	
Debt Service:					
Principal	965,000	965,000	965,000	-	
Interest and other charges	149,210	149,210	149,204	6	
Total Expenditures	1,150,100	1,150,100	1,148,898	1,202	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
expenditures	14,654	14,654	17,567	2,913	
SPECIAL ITEM					
Net change in fund balances	14,654	14,654	17,567	2,913	
Fund balances - beginning	28,529	28,529	21,448	7,081	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 43,183	\$ 43,183	\$ 39,015	\$ 9,994	

Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)

	Budgeted			Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Fin Fa	iance with al Budget avorable favorable)
	 Original		Final	 Dasis	(011	iavorable)
Revenues						
Availability charges	\$ 400,000	\$	400,000	\$ 408,215	\$	8,215
Other Water Sales	110,000		110,000	130,401		20,401
Capital investment fee	290,000		290,000	309,994		19,994
Service fees	3,580,000		3,580,000	3,720,541		140,541
Customer hookups	187,000		187,000	207,580		20,580
Inclusion Fee	6,600		6,600	12,868		6,268
Irrigation	50,000		50,000	60,200		10,200
Raw water acquisition fee	220,000		220,000	234,676		14,676
Late charges and interest	14,000		14,000	12,997		(1,003)
Current tax interest	4,000		4,000	3,892		(108)
Interest income - RWAF	7,200		7,200	19,578		12,378
Interest income - CIF	4,000		4,000	14,226		10,226
Interest on certified accounts	10,500		10,500	1,670		(8,830)
Interest on delinquent taxes	250		250	415		165
Other interest	35,000		35,000	68,891		33,891
Transfer from general fund	340,000		340,000	340,000		-
Gain or Loss on Asset Disposal	-		-	19,206		19,206
Other revenues	50,000		50,000	80,203		30,203
Total revenues	 5,308,550		5,308,550	 5,645,553		337,003
Expenses						
Sources of Supply	1.000		1 000	801		199
Ditches	1,000		1,000 55,000	59,371		(4,371)
Reservoirs Raw water line - Jackson Mt	55,000		33,000	39,371 10		(4,371) (10)
	-		-	10,791		(10,791)
Raw water line - San Juan	-		-	53,059		(53,059)
Power Trujillo booster Power SJ River booster	-		-	30,721		(30,721)
Power Lake Forest	6,000		6,000	7,380		(30,721) $(1,380)$
Power Dutton Ditch	600		600	526		(1,380)
Power Dutton Ditch	 62,600		62,600	 162,659		(100,059)
	 02,000		02,000	 102,039		(100,039)
Water Treatment Plant						
Hatcher WTR plant chemicals/lab	102,000		102,000	84,734		17,266
Snowball WTP chemicals/lab	55,000		55,000	41,242		13,758
San Juan WTP chemicals/lab	129,000		129,000	192,731		(63,731)
Health insurance	32,250		32,250	33,137		(887)
Retirement	8,335		8,335	8,343		(8)
Hatcher WTP fuel & power	145,000		145,000	111,053		33,947

Pagosa Area Water and Sanitation District

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)

			Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
	Budgeted A		Budgetary Basis	Favorable (Unfavorable)
	Original	Final	Dasis	(Olliavorable)
Snowball WTP fuel & power	19,000	19,000	17,878	1,122
San Juan WTP fuel & power	30,000	30,000	44,276	(14,276)
Insurance	8,025	8,025	8,596	(571)
Payroll taxes	13,445	13,445	12,758	687
Personnel	174,130	174,130	168,476	5,654
Vehicle maintenance	2,815	2,815	2,815	-
Hatcher WTP maintenance	96,000	96,000	118,144	(22,144)
Snowball WTP maintenance	85,000	85,000	79,633	5,367
San Juan maintenance	80,800	80,800	83,741	(2,941)
Training	3,000	3,000	2,063	937
<u> </u>	983,800	983,800	1,009,620	(25,820)
Distribution Systems				
Health insurance	69,350	69,350	66,833	2,517
Retirement	17,675	17,675	17,830	(155)
Fire hydrant maintenance	10,000	10,000	2,678	7,322
Fuel & power mission booster	700	700	556	144
Fuel & power pump stations	32,000	32,000	28,497	3,503
Town fill station - fuel & power	1,600	1,600	941	659
Trails fill station - fuel & power	1,600	1,600	874	726
Insurance	17,020	17,020	17,355	(335)
Payroll taxes	24,815	24,815	24,944	(129)
Personnel	320,585	320,585	323,577	(2,992)
Town fill station - maintenance	700	700	3,151	(2,451)
Trails fill station - maintenance	500	500	3,080	(2,580)
Water tank maintenance	170,000	170,000	61,258	108,742
Vehicle maintenance	9,935	9,935	15,360	(5,425)
Training	4,600	4,600	3,517	1,083
Uniforms	10,540	10,540	10,072	468
Water line maintenance	367,000	367,000	116,557	250,443
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1,058,620	1,058,620	697,080	361,540
		1,000,020		
Maintenance Department				
Building maintenance	2,000	2,000	2,047	(47)
Health insurance	6,120	6,120	5,565	555
Retirement	2,010	2,010	2,062	(52)
Vehicle maintenance	715	715	25	690
Equipment maintenance	15,040	15,040	14,102	938
Gas, diesel and oil	45,000	45,000	37,356	7,644
Insurance	1,940	1,940	1,886	54

Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)

			Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
	Budgeted Ar	nounte	Budgetary	Favorable
	Original Original	Final	Basis	(Unfavorable)
Operating supplies	15,000	15,000	13,565	1,435
Payroll taxes	2,665	2,665	2,815	(150)
Personnel	33,500	33,500	34,382	(882)
Tools and small equipment	7,310	7,310	6,446	864
Utilities	4,100	4,100	3,927	173
	135,400	135,400	124,178	11,222
Billing				
Bad debts	50,000	50,000	50,305	(305)
Data processing	35,000	35,000	33,759	1,241
Health insurance	35,225	35,225	30,199	5,026
Retirement	5,440	5,440	5,274	166
Insurance	245	245	176	69
Payroll taxes	6,645	6,645	6,046	599
Personnel	95,190	95,190	89,393	5,797
Postage	17,000	17,000	18,277	(1,277)
Training	2,325	2,325		2,325
	247,070	247,070	233,429	13,641
Administration				
Audit	2,860	2,860	2,856	4
Dues and permits	7,500	7,500	6,764	736
Employee miscellaneous	2,700	2,700	2,776	(76)
Health insurance	28,050	28,050	22,858	5,192
Retirement	8,360	8,360	8,636	(276)
Vehicle maintenance	700	700	373	327
Insurance - general	80,350	80,350	79,290	1,060
Legal fees	2,720	2,720	2,203	517
Office expense	21,000	21,000	21,358	(358)
Maintenance of office building	9,700	9,700	12,090	(2,390)
Landscaping	2,380	2,380	1,715	665
Payroll taxes	10,475	10,475	11,279	(804)
Publications	1,900	1,900	896	1,004
Vacation pay	140.455	140.475	4,590	(4,590)
Personnel	140,475	140,475	147,325	(6,850)
Telephone	12,670	12,670	11,966	704
Outside services	8,500	8,500	8,466	34
Utilities	3,300	3,300	2,088	1,212 501
Trash removal	2,100	2,100	1,599 2,429	876
Training	3,305	3,305	2,429	6/0

Pagosa Area Water and Sanitation District

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)

	Budgeted A Original	mounts Final	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Inclusion expense	680	680	1,154	(474)
Computer support & upgrades	32,580	32,580	31,683	897
	382,305	382,305	384,394	(2,089)
Inspection Services				
Health insurance	10,655	10,655	8,703	1,952
Retirement	2,635	2,635	2,685	(50)
Insurance	2,550	2,550	2,795	(245)
Payroll taxes	4,025	4,025	4,102	(77)
Construction Inspector Salary	54,015	54,015	54,770	(755)
Vehicle maintenance	715	715	294	421
	74,595	74,595	73,349	1,246
Capital Expenditures				
Connections	158,950	158,950	171,290	(12,340)
Water rights	15,000	15,000	15,310	(310)
CIF Water SCADA System	21,975	21,975	17,665	4,310
CIF WTP upgrades	5,500	5,500	9,254	(3,754)
CIF Distribution system upgrades	20,000	20,000	8,670	11,330
Water model	-	-	9,782	(9,782)
Water SCADA system	21,975	21,975	17,665	4,310
Water treatment plant upgrades	25,500	25,500	39,754	(14,254)
Transportation Equipment	47,600	47,600	47,955	(355)
Distribution system upgrades	49,995	49,995	22,012	27,983
	366,495	366,495	359,357	7,138
Debt Service				
Principle - 2015 refunding	440,000	440,000	440,000	-
Interest - 2015 refunding	115,350	115,350	115,350	-
Principal, CWPDA loan	372,217	372,217	372,216	1
Interest, CWPDA loan	99,550	99,550	99,549	1
Administrative fee - CWPDA Loan	89,486	89,486	89,486	-
Principal - CWCB loan	190,712	190,712	190,711	1
Interest, CWCB loan	65,420	65,420	65,419	1
Total debt retirement & transfers	1,372,735	1,372,735	1,372,731	4
Total expenditures	4,683,620	4,683,620	4,416,797	266,823
Excess of revenues over (under) expenses	624,930	624,930	1,228,756	\$ 603,826

Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)

Enterprise Fund - Water Fund

For the Year Ended I	December 31, 2018
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			Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
	Budgeted		Budgetary	Favorable
	Original	Final	Basis	(Unfavorable)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Unappropriated surplus	3,454,366	3,454,366	4,596,641	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	3,454,366	3,454,366	4,596,641	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Change in Net Position (Budgetary Basis)	4,079,296	\$ 4,079,296	5,825,397	
December of Dudenters Decimber CAAD				
Reconciliation of Budgetary Basis to GAAP Basis Financial Statements				
Increase (Decrease) in Revenues and				
Other Financing Sources			(4.506.641)	
Unappropriated surplus			(4,596,641)	
Net (Decrease) in Revenues and			(1.50 < < 11)	
Other Financing Sources			(4,596,641)	
(Increase) Decrease in Revenues and				
Other Financing Uses (Sources)				
Construction project expenditures			211,354	
Principal payments on 2015 refunding bonds			440,000	
Principal payments on CWDPA loan			372,217	
Principal payments on CWCB loan			190,712	
Bond issue costs amortized			(993)	
Amortization of bond premium			51,791	
Depreciation			(2,129,783)	
Net (Decrease) in Revenues and				
Other Financing Sources to GAAP Basis			(864,702)	
Change in Net Position GAAP Basis			\$ 364,054	

Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual Amounts Budgetary		Variance with Final Budget Favorable		
		Original		Final		Basis	_(Un	favorable)
Revenues								
Availability charges	\$	270,000	\$	270,000	\$	265,994	\$	(4,006)
Customer hookups	·	32,000	•	32,000		29,180		(2,820)
Capital Investment fees		88,000		88,000		81,392		(6,608)
Service fees		1,692,800		1,692,800		1,714,239		21,439
Municipal wastewater treatment		212,000		212,000		168,557		(43,443)
Interest PSSGID		29,515		29,515		29,514		(1)
Interest PSSGID CIF		29,515		29,515		29,514		(1)
Inclusion fee		4,400		4,400		5,154		754
Waste hauling		63,500		63,500		66,961		3,461
Interest income - CIF		8,500		8,500		17,096		8,596
Interest on delinquent taxes		500		500		190		(310)
Penalty & interest delinquent accounts		2,800		2,800		2,247		(553)
Current tax interest		1,000		1,000		1,090		90
Other interest		11,500		11,500		28,916		17,416
Other operating revenues		7,500		7,500		7,839		339
Gain or Loss on Asset Disposal		7,500		7,500		11,297		11,297
Transfer from general fund		160,000		160,000		160,000		-
Transfer from general fund		100,000		100,000		100,000		
Total Revenues		2,613,530		2,613,530		2,619,180		5,650
Expenses								
Wastewater - CIF Projects								
CIF - Wastewater SCADA Systems		21,975		21,975		17,665		4,310
CIF - WW Treatement Plants		17,500		17,500		14,463		3,037
		39,475		39,475		32,128		7,347
Wastewater Collection								
Health insurance		40,335		40,335		37,601		2,734
Retirement		10,400		10,400		10,471		(71)
Uniforms		4,960		4,960		4,825		135
Fuel and power lift stations		67,000		67,000		40,358		26,642
Insurance		9,820		9,820		6,563		3,257
Payroll taxes		14,635		14,635		14,605		30
General and pumps lift stations		15,000		15,000		17,400		(2,400)
Personnel		189,760		189,760		190,146		(386)
Wastewater line maintenance/repair		285,000		285,000		242,446		42,554
Vehicle maintenance		5,420		5,420		8,701		(3,281)
Training		2,650		2,650		2,899		(249)
		644,980		644,980		576,015		68,965

Budget and Actual

(Budgetary Basis)

	Budgeted Am	ounts	Actual Amounts Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget Favorable	
	Original Final		Basis	(Unfavorable)	
Wastewater Treatment					
Health insurance	30,840	30,840	30,274	566	
Retirement	7,470	7,470	7,505	(35)	
Fuel, power & water Vista WWTP	242,000	242,000	214,485	27,515	
Insurance	7,050	7,050	4,957	2,093	
Payroll taxes	11,805	11,805	11,220	585	
Personnel	155,230	155,230	150,906	4,324	
Maintenance Vista WWTP	219,000	219,000	216,372	2,628	
Lab supply & testing	28,360	28,360	17,037	11,323	
Vehicle maintenance	2,450	2,450	1,700	750	
Sludge removal	57,600	57,600	61,013	(3,413)	
Training	1,420	1,420	1,176	244	
	763,225	763,225	716,645	46,580	
Maintenance Department Building maintenance Vehicle maintenance	1,500 335	1,500 335	978 12	522 323	
Equipment maintenance	7,960	7,960	6,981	979	
Health insurance	2,880	2,880	2,620	260	
Retirement	950	950	971	(21)	
Gas, diesel and oil	20,000	20,000	16,811	3,189	
Insurance	900	900	570	330	
Operating supplies	7,200	7,200	6,376	824	
Payroll taxes	1,255	1,255	1,325	(70)	
Personnel	15,765	15,765	16,180	(415)	
Tools and small equipment	3,440	3,440	3,217	223	
Utilities	3,000	3,000	2,923	77_	
	65,185	65,185	58,964	6,221	
Billing					
Bad debts	50,000	50,000	49,155	845	
Data processing	9,000	9,000	7,664	1,336	
Health insurance	16,580	16,580	14,216	2,364	
Retirement	2,560	2,560	2,481	79	
Insurance	115	115	83	32	
Payroll taxes	3,125	3,125	2,860	265	
Personnel	44,800	44,800	42,068	2,732	
Postage	8,000	8,000	9,101	(1,101)	
Training	1,100	1,100	-	1,100	
	135,280	135,280	127,628	7,652	

(Budgetary Basis)

			Actual Amounts Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget	
	Budgeted Amo Original	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Inspection Services	5.020	5.020	4 006	924	
Health insurance	5,020 1,240	5,020 1,240	4,096 1,263	(23)	
Retirement	1,240 1,170	1,170	845	325	
Insurance		25,420	25,774	(354)	
Personnel	25,420	1,895	1,930	(35)	
Payroll taxes Vehicle maintenance	1,895 335	335	1,930	157	
venicie maintenance	35,080	35,080	34,086	994	
Administration	4 400	1 100		2	
Audit	1,430	1,430	1,428	2	
Inclusion expense	1,320	1,320	418	902	
Employee expense	1,300	1,300	1,307	(7)	
Health insurance	13,200	13,200	10,753	2,447	
Retirement	3,935	3,935	4,067	(132)	
Dues and permits	7,800	7,800	8,741	(941)	
Insurance - general	36,420	36,420	35,618	802	
Legal fees	1,280	1,280	95	1,185	
Office expense	10,000	10,000	10,076	(76)	
Maintenance of office building	4,550	4,550	5,703	(1,153)	
Landscaping	1,120	1,120	807	313	
Outside services	4,000	4,000	3,984	16	
Payroll taxes	4,930	4,930	5,295	(365)	
Personnel	66,110	66,110	69,376	(3,266)	
Vacation pay	-	-	3,566	(3,566)	
Publications	890	890	426	464	
Vehicle maintenance	330	330	206	124	
Telephone	7,030	7,030	6,870	160	
Utilities	1,400	1,400	768	632	
Trash removal	950	950	810	140	
Training	1,530	1,530	1,461	69	
Computer support & upgrades	15,350 184,875	15,350 184,875	15,710 187,485	(360) (2,610)	
	184,873	184,873	107,403	(2,010)	
Capital Expenditures					
Connections	6,400	6,400	5,135	1,265	
Transportation Equipment	22,400	22,400	22,567	(167)	
Wastewater treatment plane	17,500	17,500	14,463	3,037	
Wastewater SCADA system	21,975	21,975	17,665	4,310	
Collection system upgrades	34,705	34,705	10,539	24,166	
	102,980	102,980	70,369	32,611	

Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)

Enterprise Fund - Wastewater Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Budgeted A	mounts	Actual Amounts Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)	
	Original	Final	Basis		
Debt Service					
Principal - 09 base loan	48,827	48,827	48,827	-	
Principal - 09 ARRA loan	351,828	351,828	351,827	1	
	400,655	400,655	400,654	1	
Total Expenses	2,371,735	2,371,735	2,203,974	167,761	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenses	241,795	241,795	415,206	173,411	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Unappropriated surplus Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,125,302 2,125,302	2,125,302 2,125,302	1,986,973 1,986,973		
Change in Net Position (Budgetary Basis)	\$ 2,367,097	\$ 2,367,097	2,402,179		
Reconciliation of Budgetary Basis to GAAP Basis Financial Statements Increase (Decrease) in Revenues and Other Financing Sources					
Unappropriated surplus			(1,986,973)		
Net (Decrease) in Revenues and Other					
Financing Sources			(1,986,973)		
(Increase) Decrease in Revenues and					
Other Financing Uses			(28,186)		
Change in assets			(132,532)		
Gain (loss) on asset disposal Capital outlay costs			148,337		
Principal payments on revenue bonds and los	ans		400,654		
Depreciation	4110		(885,267)		
Net (Decrease) in revenues and			(,)		
Other Financing Sources to GAAP basis	3		(496,994)		

Change in Net Position GAAP Basis

(81,788)